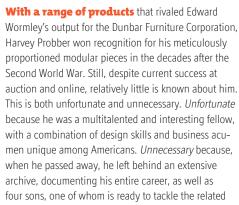


Harvey Probber's furniture is being rediscovered



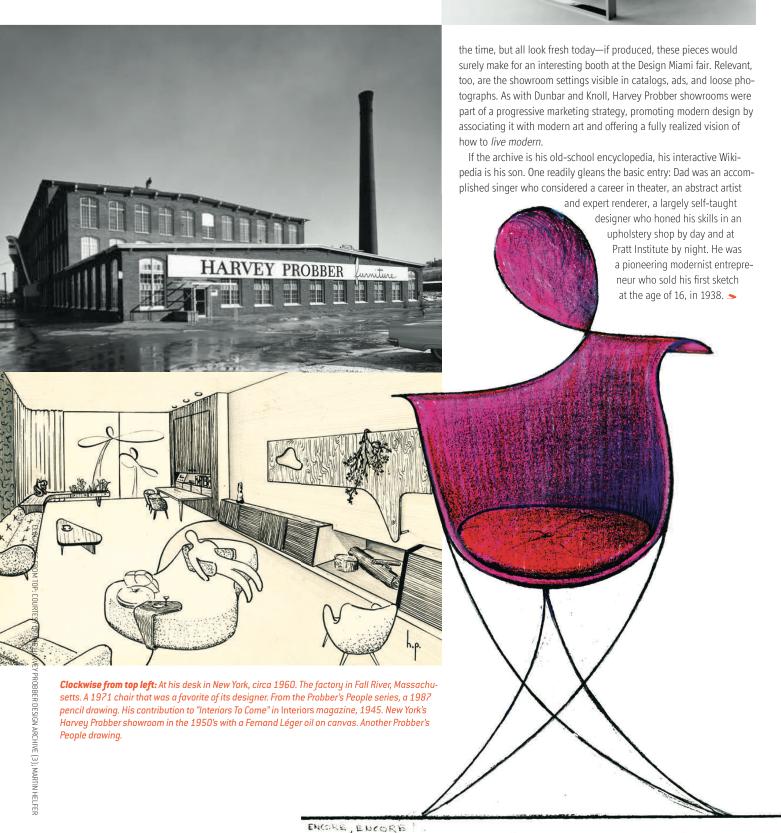
challenges of burnishing his father's legacy and perpetuating the brand.

Sharing his father's interests and clearly proud of his achievements, Jory Probber is the New York territory manager for Affordable Interior Systems, a manufacturer of office furniture. He's articulate and design-literate, yet he's given to shaking his head at the amount of material under his stewardship and the weight of the responsibility. Nowhere is this more evident than at the suburban storage facility that houses the bulk of the Harvey Probber Design Archive. This trove of information, only partially organized, comprises thousands of documents: correspondence, renderings of furniture both realized and not, blueprints, catalogs, and photographs of products, projects, and showrooms. Pick almost any pile, and you will unearth treasures. Many have not seen the light of day in decades.

Particularly fascinating to me, as someone who sells vintage Harvey Probber furniture, are the unrealized projects bearing witness to the forward push in his visual imagination. A portfolio of sketches from the 1940's reveals dramatically rendered, rakishly streamlined chairs, desks, and chests, often in room settings. Pasted into a binder, a 1945 house-of-the-future magazine spread features his biomorphic scheme for a living room. A third portfolio, this one from the 1950's, shows futuristic chairs and sofas. All were deemed to be beyond market tastes or technical capabilities at



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Clockwise from top left: An ink drawing, circa 1952, of a chair never realized. In the showroom, an Elie Nadelman bronze identical to one now in the collection of the Museum of Modern Art. Another unrealized chair, in a 1940's gouache. The dealer Jonathan Burden's current example of Tufto, a 1970 sectional similar to the sofa now licensed to M2L. Oval Arm Seating, a 1981 modular design.

He established his own factory in Brooklyn in 1946, then moved production to Fall River, Massachusetts, in 1954. That same year, he opened a showroom in New York's Fuller Building, amid such art-world legends as the Leo Castelli Gallery—anticipating the current marketing synergy between art and design. As early as the 1970's, he represented steel furniture by Maria Pergay, then obscure. He was also an avid art collector, trading furniture for paintings by his friend Adolph Gottlieb. Dad was furthermore fascinated by the creative process and prized it in all forms. For clues about invention, he'd go as far as to watch another friend, Leonard Bernstein, compose.

Harvey Probber delighted in wiping out boundaries, whether those separating designer and composer or designer and manufacturer. And he always sought to give his work timelessness, achieved through durable construction and that subtle but all-important component, proportion. The litmus test, a mantra almost, was: "Will it hold up in 10, 20, 30 years?" Tellingly, he considered his designs like children, the oedipal implications of which are not lost on his son. This tendency to assign human characteristics and personality to inanimate furniture culminated in the 1980's with Probber's People, a series of colored pencil drawings that merged faces and torsos with chairs.

